

TEST YOUR BAKING POWDER TO-DAY!

Brands advertised as absolutely pure
CONTAIN AMMONIA.



DOES NOT CONTAIN AMMONIA.
ITS HEALTHFULNESS HAS NEVER BEEN QUESTIONED.
In million homes for a quarter of a century it has
been the common-sense baking powder.

THE TEST OF THE OVEN.
PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,
NEW YORK.

Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts,
The most delicate and purest flavoring known,
and Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gums
For Light, Healthy Bread, The Best Dry Yeast
Known in the World.

FOR SALE BY GROCERS,
CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.

A. D. MITCHELL,
—Manufacturer of—

PURE HOME-MADE CONFECTIONERY.

Fresh every day. All kinds of Cream Can-
dies made to order and sent in one and two
pound boxes. Fruits of all kinds.

ROBINSON & CO.,
Near Depot, Maryville.

OLD GOLD MILLS!

(Formerly Maryville City Mills.)

BRANDS:
Old Gold Patent,
Royal Patent,
Mason County Fancy,
Kentucky Fancy,
Our Choice Extra.

MR. J. R. PADDOCK,
Fashionable

Dress Maker!

Dresses cut and made in the latest styles at
reasonable prices. Second street, next door
to Bank of Maryville. apd

A. G. BROWNING, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office and residence south-east corner of
Third and Station streets. Will give special
attention to diseases peculiar to
females. apd

J. BLAKEBOROUGH,
—Headquarters for—

Clocks, Silver Goods, Jewelry

The Best Waltham Watch Store. All work
promptly and satisfactorily done. Second
street, east of Market. apd

BREWER & CO.,
—Manufacturers of and Dealers in—

Stoves, Mantels, Grates

Tinware, Stoves, Woodware, &c. Tin
Roofing, Gutters, Spouting, and Sheet
Iron. Also, all kinds of plumbing and
sheet iron work. Second street, east of
Market. apd

LANE & WORME,
Contractors.

ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS.

Plans and specifications furnished on rea-
sonable terms and all work satisfactorily and
promptly done. Office, Third street, be-
tween Hall and Sutton. apd

M. ONE DALTON & SONS,
GOOD INTENT

Livery and Sale Stable.

A full line of all kinds of vehicles on hand
for sale or hire. Horses kept by day,
week or month. Largest and best ap-
pointed Livery Stable in the West. Prices as
low as any. Located on Third street, east
of Market. apd

NEW FIRM,
BISSET, McCLANAHAN & SHEA,

(Successors to Cooper & Bisset,
Bentley in Stoves, Ranges, Barbed-
Wire, and all kinds of hardware and
Copper and Sheet Iron Ware.

Special attention paid to the roofing, gutter
and spouting. Practical plumbers, gas
and steam fitters. Wrought and bent pipes
all. All work attended to promptly and
cheaply. apd

FRANK K. HALL,
House, Sign and

ORNAMENTAL PAINTER.

Shop a few doors above Yancey & Alexander's
Livery stable, second street, east of
Market. apd

CONGRESS CONVENES.

The Last Annual Session of Presi-
dent Arthur.

Foreign Relations, Finance, Car-
rying Trade, Bank Circulation,
Coast Defense, the Navy,
Foreign Trade, Po-
ligamy, Etc.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—Twenty-seven Sen-
ators were in their places when the gavel fell
at 12 o'clock.

The chaplain in his opening prayer, alluded
fellowly to the deaths of Senator Anthony,
Secretary Folger, Representatives Evans and
Barnes, and implied that in the near future
they were entering upon the only sectional
rivalry might be in the path of progress.
Senator (Gorman) died was hailed with high
with flowers. Two fine wreaths of deli-
cate design toward high above his head, one
bearing the inscription: "Oh, such a day—
so bright, so full of promise, so full of hope,
came not till now to decorate this man's
famous form." Another floral design in-
timated that the nation was mourning for
this particular dead, and was reserved for
"A. F. G., 1884," the third wreath of
flowers decorated the desk of Senator Jones.

Senator Jones had an immense line star
Senator Laplan (Iowa) from looking at him
horse-shoe of smiles, and the death of the
Vice President of Senator Ingalls and others
both beautiful floral tributes.

Senator Logan was in his seat. He
moved a resolution to notify the House of
Representatives that the Senate had con-
voked, which Senator Sherman followed by a
resolution to notify the House of Representa-
tives of the death of Senator Jones.

The credentials of William H. Sheffield, as
Senator-elect from Rhode Island in place of
the deceased Senator, were ready, but Sheffield
was not present.

The Senate took a recess until 12:40 to
avoid the President's message.

As early as 10:30 the galleries began fill-
ing up and long before the hour for the meet-
ing of Congress every seat was filled, even stand-
ing room being taken. Crowds clustered
around each doorway for some distance into
the corridor. Many of the desks of members,
as well as that of the Speaker, were floral
tributes in the shape of baskets, vases, etc.
Mr. Murphy, of Iowa, had an elaborate
horse-shoe, bearing the word "Hennepin," as
a compliment to his efforts in behalf of the
Hennepin Canal enterprise.

Mr. Cox (N.Y.) was complimented for his
efforts in the life-saving service with a
floral ship, with a boat of wine, either
side. Messrs. Barbour (Va.), Mather
(Penn.), McMillan (Tenn.), Keifer (Ohio),
Hannon (Ill.), Holman (Cal.), Valenti
(Neb.) and Campbell (Penn.) were among the
recipients of floral favors.

At precisely 11 o'clock Speaker Carlisle
called the House to order and prayer was
offered by Chaplin Linney. The roll of
members was then called by the clerk.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1, 1884.

President Arthur's annual message was
transmitted to the Senate by the Chief of
Staff. The President referred to the recent political
contest which resulted in the election of
Cleveland as President. He remarks that it
is a subject of general interest and that
after the controversy, despite the closeness of
the vote, the public peace has suffered no dis-
turbance, and he has awaited the result
patiently and quietly. Nothing could more
strikingly illustrate the temper of American
citizens, and their loyalty to law, nor more
significantly demonstrate the strength and wis-
dom of our political institutions.

FOREIGN RELATIONS.

Our relations with all foreign Powers con-
tinue amicable. The question is com-
mented upon as one of great international
importance. The rich prospective trade of
the Congo Valley leads to the conviction that
the United States should be interested in
equity. The necessary legislation to make ef-
fective our Mexican commercial treaty is re-
commended to Congress. The Nicaragua
Treaty, recently concluded, which authorizes
the construction of a canal and railway be-
tween the San Juan and Lake Nicaragua
Route, the President believes, will com-
mand universal approval at home and
abroad, and the revenue and political advan-
tages of the treaty cannot be overestimated. The approval of
the new Spanish Commercial Treaty, which
is soon to be submitted to the Senate, is
urged.

The question of an international copyright
law is brought to the attention of Congress.
He recommends the enlargement of the
scope of neutrality laws to cover acts of hos-
tility committed within our territory and
aimed at the peace of friendly nations. He
sees no reason why overt perpetrations in
this country for the commission of such
criminal acts, should not be punishable, and
when intended to be committed in our
own, or have foreign origin with which we
are at peace.

Our examination of the diplomatic and
consular service is recommended.

ON THE SUBJECT OF FINANCE.

The President concurs with the Secretary of
the Treasury, recommending an immediate
suspension of the issue of silver dollars,
and the issuance of silver certificates. The
fact that of the \$185,000,000 coined during
the past six years, but little more than \$100,000,000
is in actual circulation, seems to furnish
a cogent argument for the repeal of the
statute.

TAXES.

He reviews his recommendations of 1883
favoring the abolition of all taxes except
those relating to distilled spirits. If these
taxes are also to be removed, the government
will not be able to meet all its necessary
expenditures, but will afford a
surplus large enough to permit such a
reduction as may seem advisable when the
results of the recent revenue laws and com-
mercial treaties shall have shown in what
degree these reductions can be most judiciously
effected.

FOREIGN CARRYING TRADE.

The President says that although fully sen-
sible of the importance of the appointment
of a commission to ascertain the most effective

means of increasing our foreign trade, still
he believes this will be the most speedy and
effective method. He endorses the recom-
mendations of the Secretary of the Treasury
favoring liberal subsidies to mail steamship
lines as an incentive to the development of
American capital in American steamships,
and declares that unless that course be pur-
sued, the foreign carrying trade will remain
as it is to-day—almost exclusively in the hands
of foreigners.

NATIONAL BANK CIRCULATION.

On the subject of a basis for national bank
circulation, he says the three per cent. bonds
of the Government to the amount of more
than \$100,000,000 have, since his last message,
been redeemed by the treasury. Bonds of
that issue still outstanding amount to a little
over \$300,000,000, about one-fourth of which
will be retired through the operations of the
sinking fund. During the coming year, as
these bonds still continue the chief basis for
the circulation of the national bank notes,
the question now to be considered is the
retirement of the currency, and by their
retirement, it is one of constantly
increasing importance. It seems to be gen-
erally conceded that the law governing this
matter exists from the banks an excessive
quantity that upon their present bank de-
posits a larger volume of currency than
may be granted with safety. It hopes the
bill which passed the Senate at the last session
permitting the issue of notes equal in value
to their face value to deposited bonds will
be introduced to the approval of the House
of Representatives.

CONSTRUCTIVE AND BOARD DEFENSES.

For our cities, recommended by the Sec-
retary of War, he says: "The time has now
come when such defenses can be prepared
with confidence that they will not prove
abortive; when a possible result of delay in
making such preparation is seriously con-
sidered, the delay seems inexcusable. For the
most important cities of the country, the
construction or capture would be a national hun-
dred—on adequate defense of guns, and
may be made by the gradual expenditure of
sixty million of dollars, a sum much less than
the victorious enemy could levy as contribu-
tions. An appropriation of about one-half
of that amount is asked to begin the work.
I concur with the Secretary of War in urging
that it be granted."

MANUFACTURE OF CANNON.

He reviews his recommendation contained
in his special message to the last Congress
favoring the establishment of two Govern-
ment factories, one for the army and one for
the navy, for the manufacture of heavy can-
non and urges Congress to act so as to enable
the Government to construct its own ordi-
nance upon its own terms, and to provide
armaments demanded by the considerations
of our national safety and honor. Concerning
the recommendation of the Secretary of War,
he says: "In this, the last of my State mes-
sages I shall have the honor to transmit to
Congress a recommendation to begin the
construction of a new factory, and to begin
its operation as rapidly as possible to the high state of ef-
ficiency which formerly characterized it. As
long peace has been maintained, and a sense
of security has been at any time be-
sturbed, it is plain policy that strengthening
this arm of the service is desired. By the
establishment of a new factory, and a
true appreciation of the dignity and honor
of a republic."

THE PORTAL SERVICE.

The report of the Postmaster General says
it discloses the gratifying fact that the loss to
the postal revenues during the last year from
theft of mail matter was less than in any
year for many years. The loss was less than
less than was expected—only \$2,275,000. This,
he considers, a trustworthy indication
that the revenue will soon be restored to its
former volume by the natural increase of
sealed correspondence.

He approves the recommendation of the
mail agent with first-class mail, and he
should be an ounce instead of a half ounce,
as it now is. He recommends a reduction of
postage on drop letters to one cent, and the
remission an extension of the free delivery
system.

PREMISES LAWS.

He concurs with the Secretary of the Interior
in advising the repeal of the pre-emption
laws, and enactment of the statutes relieving
the present legal complications touching
land grants to the Pacific Railroad. The
funding of the debt of several of the Pacific
railways under such a guaranty as shall ef-
fectually secure the payment.

POLYGRAPH.

He believes that if polygraph can be sup-
pressed in Utah by law, it can only be done
by the most radical legislation consistent with
the restraint of the constitution, and recom-
mends Congress to assume absolute political
control of the Territory of Utah and provide
for the appointment of Commissioners with
such governmental powers as, in its judg-
ment, may justly and wisely be put into their
hands.

OUR FOREIGN TRADE.

The President devotes much space to a
consideration of the policy of the Government
regarding the extension of our foreign trade.
He says that the condition of the problem is
stated: We are people apt in mechanical
pursuits, and fertile in invention; we cover a
vast extent of territory, and we are rich in
natural products, and nearly all the raw ma-
terials needed for successful manufac-
ture. Our country is a system of
establishments more than sufficient to supply
our own demands. The wages of labor are
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ROBERT & MORTIMER,
Publishers and Proprietors,
TO WHOM ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS.

The spare ribs and the tenders,
And juicy sausage meat,
Are now among the goodly things
That people have to eat.
And every face now wears a look
That plainly seems to tell,
That a first-class gobble's coming on
When rings the dinner bell.

A little cleaning would help the
streets just now.

A Fidelity Trust Company is organizing
at Lexington.

The river is rising slowly at Pittsburg
but falling at nearly all points below.

The attention of tax-payers is directed
to a notice in our column by Marshal
James Redmond.

Look out for the large advertisement
of Messrs. A. R. Glascock & Co., in the
DAILY BULLETIN to-morrow.

Persons desiring to secure the services
of Haucke's hand should apply to either
Mr. W. A. Cole or Mr. Phil Yago.

WILLIAM WORMALD has just received a
supply of Ashland nut coal and is selling
it at 12 cents per bushel, delivered, for
cash.

The annual meeting of the Mayville
and Mason County Bible Society will be
held on Sunday evening, December 21st,
two weeks later than usual.

SIMON THAVIS, colored, charged with
attempted rape, was examined before
Mayor January, on Monday, and was
held to appear for trial at the next term
of the Circuit Court.

A SET of Dickens' works, raffled last
week at George's news depot, was won
by Mr. George T. Tudor. The books
were raffled again on Saturday evening,
and were drawn by Mr. P. J. Clark.

The person who advertised for a piano
in the BULLETIN a few days had a large
number of applications, and was able to
suit himself without trouble. So much
for an advertisement in the BULLETIN.

REV. MR. YOUNG preached last night at
the Southern Methodist Church, and
will preach every evening this week, al-
so conducting afternoon services at 3 p.
m., every day. The public is invited
most cordially.

The Scottish Union and National In-
surance Company, which had written a
policy on the property of Mr. J. T. Kack-
ley, settled on Friday with him to his
entire satisfaction, through Mr. George
W. Rogers, the local agent.

CHARLES HARPER is on trial at Lexing-
ton, Ky., for kidnapping Sarah Yarker
and Sallie Jackson from Olympia, Ky.,
and trying to get them into Mollie Long's
lupanar, at Lexington. His confederate,
Henry Mackabe, went to answer to a
higher court by his own brother's hand,
for assaulting their mother.

The Thomas Jackson business house,
on Sutton street, has been sold by Mr.
James H. Hall, Jr., administrator of the
estate, to Messrs. Nesbitt & McKrell, for
\$3,500. It is one of the most convenient
houses for business in the city, is in thorough
repair, well lighted and admirably
adapted to Messrs. Nesbitt & McKrell's
uses. The building they will vacate is to
be occupied by Mr. A. R. Burgess.

The Lexington News says: The
resignation of Capt. Henry Green as
Conductor on the K. O. Railroad will be
regretted by the patrons of the "Old
Reliable." A more accommodating or
gentlemanly official than Henry Green
never took up tickets on any route, and
his position will be difficult to fill with a
more popular man. He has our best
wishes for success in any business he
may embark.

The directors of the building associa-
tion have decided on the first of the year
to open a new series provided four hun-
dred shares shall have been taken at that
time. If the shares are not subscribed
for the new class will not be opened.
The building association, we take
pleasure in saying, has been carefully
and prudently managed, and has been of
inestimable benefit to the community.
We have no doubt that the new series
will be promptly filled up.

MR. SAMUEL PERLUS, an experienced
tailor, has opened an establishment in
the rooms on Sutton street, lately occu-
pied by Mr. Rosendall, and is prepared
to cut, fit and make gentlemen's and
ladies' clothing in the best style. He
makes a specialty of ladies' riding habits,
tailor-made suits, cloaks, dolmans, etc.
His prices are low and he guarantees
entire satisfaction with his work. Mr.
Perlus worked at his business for a long
time both in London and New York.

Woman's Exchange.

The ladies interested in the proposed
Woman's Exchange are decided in their
opinion that it will be both useless and
unwise to establish it unless they are as-
sured of a firm foundation to work upon,
which foundation must be the same sup-
porting other business ventures i. e. a
financial one. In order to secure this
they do not wish to make a demand upon
the community for which the exchange
will yield no return, consequently before
going further with to secure subscribers
for a sufficient number of tickets to pay
the expenses for one year, during which
time the question, "Is it useful?" "Will
it pay?" will answer themselves. These
tickets entitle the holders to enter as
much work as they please during the
year, upon which they set two prices,
the one they want and the one they are
willing to take in case the first cannot be
gotten. When the work is sold they
receive the money less 10 per cent.,
which is the commission charged for
handling it. They do not wish to estab-
lish it, money or no money, unless they
feel sure that it will accomplish the
end in view i. e., will help people who
wish to help themselves who need money
and are willing to work for it. Persons
interested in charitable work can do
double good with their tickets. By buy-
ing them they help to establish the ex-
change by giving them away to a woman
who cannot buy for herself, they provide
a means for the sale of her work. Per-
sons who wish to sell work can see for
themselves that it is to their interest to
subscribe now, which they will be safe
in doing, as no money will be collected
until the entire number are subscribed
for and the establishment of the ex-
change a certainty.

A QUESTION of great importance to
the entire insurance interests of the United
States has just been decided in the courts
of Georgia, by the disposition of the sur-
plus fund of the Mutual Insurance Com-
pany, of Athens, in that State. When
this company found itself with over a
million dollars of surplus on hand which
it could not throw into the channels of
trade because of want of ownership, it
had, so to speak, a financial elephant. In
looking for the precedents upon which to
act, Edward Atkinson, of Massachusetts,
was consulted and he gave it as his
opinion that neither in Europe nor in
the United States had such a question ever
been decided. At this point Captain
Harry Jackson, son of the distin-
guished General Henry R. Jackson, and
Mr. J. H. Lumpkin, grandson of the
late Chief Justice Lumpkin, two of the
most brilliant young attorneys of the
State, entered a case as representatives of
the lapse policy-holders, claiming that
they were entitled to share in a distribu-
tion proportioned to the premiums paid.
The Supreme Court of the State sustained
the pleas of Messrs. Jackson and Lumpkin,
and ordered a distribution on that
basis, leaving the court below to decide
the amount which the company might
retain as a prudential fund. That court
has just decided that \$300,000 may be so
retained. The balance is to be distributed
under the Supreme Court decision.

A LEXINGTON despatch says: W. W.
Crawford, of Columbus, Ohio, who married
Miss Kate McCann here last Tues-
day, and was arrested and jailed the next
day on information from the chief of Po-
lice of Columbus, Ohio, that he already
had a wife in that city, was released
from custody last night. Mr. Frank Mc-
Cann, the young lady's brother, went to
Columbus to investigate, and was satisfied
that it is another W. W. Crawford who
has a wife there, and that his sister's W.
W. Crawford was unmarried until he mar-
ried her. Mrs. Crawford is probably the
happiest woman in Lexington.

REPRESENTATIVE MONEY, of Mississippi,
says that the people of the South are
more eager for good Government than
for the spoils of victory, and as a class
they will not embarrass Cleveland by
pressure for office, but will leave him
free to conduct his Administration so as
to make it a success and render the
Democratic ascendancy permanent.

The annual report of the Postmaster
General shows the receipts of the Depart-
ment were \$2,170,553.53 less than those
of last year, the decrease being attrib-
utable to the reduction of letter postage
from three to two cents, which took effect
October 1, 1883.

The latest from Republican headquar-
ters is that the New York Independents
will not be re-admitted to that party un-
til they shall have done public penance
and voted the straight Republican ticket
at least once.

FIFTY tobacco barns, worth \$100,000,
have been burned by incendiaries in cen-
tral Kentucky since the crop was housed.

POSTMASTER GENERAL HATTON favors
reduction of postage on drop letters to
one cent.

Call.

If Mr. John H. Wilson will consent to
make the race for councilman in the
Third Ward he will receive the support
of

MANY FRIENDS.

PERSONALS.

Miss Luile Byder, of East Mayville, is
very ill.

Mr. Charles F. Taylor, left yesterday
for Winfield, Kansas.

Mr. Alvin Means will leave this after-
noon for New Orleans.

Mr. S. S. Miner, we regret to hear, is
confined to his room by illness.

Mr. R. A. Cahran, Jr., is moving into
his new residence in the lower part of
the city.

Miss Luile Mitchell left yesterday for
Staunton, Virginia, where she will at-
tend school.

Master Thelma Owens, after spending
Thanksgiving at home, returned to col-
lege yesterday.

Woman and Her Work.

A negro woman in Leavenworth,
Kansas, refused to allow her child to be
buried in a grave which had been dug
"on order of the sexton."

A woman was seen recently in Naples
carrying a coffin on her head, chatting
gaily with a man who walked empty-
handed at her side.

The Japanese girl, when she goes into
company, paints her face white, her lips
and the corners of her eyes, with two
slate-colored shades of blue.

"A judicious wife," says John Burkin,
"is always turning off from her husband's
nose a little bit of the things that are grow-
ing in wrong directions. She keeps him
in shape by continual pruning."

The wife of the Czar of Russia is re-
ported as an ardent devotee of the danc-
ing in which her husband constantly
lives. It has increased she says, their
mutual affection. For this reason she
has been positively incited to the Schille-
de, which is a very lively dance.

Chinese ladies wear robes of silk or
any or every color—their frightful little
feet protrude from the lower end of a
pair of satin pantaloons much like the
European garment in form. The custom
of marrying the feet also affects the
feet, which are invariably become thin,
atrophied or deformed.

Grace Greenwood, writing from Milan,
says that American singers, deplorable
as Italian ones, are not subject to a
most outrageous and cruel treatment by
the brutal audiences. The one who is
constantly, have dead voices, as we
say, and had been a few more and the
singer and conductor is something indescrib-
able.

CITY ITEMS.

Try Langdon's City Barber Crackers.

School books, all kinds, at G. W. But-
termann's.

All the novelties in boots and shoes, at
prices to suit the times, at Ramon's.

Diaries for 1885, blank books and mem-
orandum books, at G. W. Buttermann's.

The business of Paul Hoeftlich & Bro.,
will be continued as usual at the old
stand on Market street. dec14

The ingredients of Wills' Worm
Candy are drugs that any physician
would prescribe. It is a safe and reliable
remedy for worms and should be
used by all who require such a medicine.
Ask your druggist for it.

I have just received a new stock of
millinery goods, including veils, ribbons,
hats, plumes, birds and trimmings
of all kinds, to which I invite the atten-
tion of the ladies. My prices are very
low. (2814) ANNA FRAZER.

We have a beautiful line of children's
fur, astrakhan and plush trimmed over-
coats and seal skin caps that we shall
offer at greatly reduced prices. We re-
spectfully invite the ladies to call and
examine them. HENCHES & CO.

For sixty days we will offer our entire
stock of boots and shoes at greatly re-
duced prices. We wish to reduce stock
and will make it to the interest of those
needing footwear to look through our
stock before purchasing. F. B. RAMSON.

An elegant music box will be disposed
of by raffie at the store of J. C. Pecor
& Co., on Second street. Every purchase
of books, stationery or other goods
exceeding \$1 in amount, will entitle the
purchaser to one chance in the raffie,
the drawing to take place January 15,
1885. dec22

A CARD.—To all who are suffering from
errors and indiscretions of youth, ner-
vous weakness, early decay, loss of man-
hood, etc., I will send a receipt that will
cure you, if you will take it. This great
remedy was discovered by a missionary
in South America. Send self-addressed
envelope to Rev. Joseph T. Inman,
Station D, New York. m15dec4

Just no Good.

Many unscrupulous dealers may tell you
they have remedies for coughs and colds,
equal in merit and every respect just as good
as the old and reliable Dr. Ross's Cough
and Lung Syrup, and advise you to buy
it. Be careful, however, for those who are
liable to be greatly deceived. Price 50 cents
and \$1. Sold by Dr. Ross & Co., druggists.

Cure for Piles.
Piles are frequently cured by a sense of
weight in the back, loins and lower part
of the abdomen, causing the patient to
have some affection of the kidneys or neigh-
boring organs. The balance is to be dis-
tributed, as a remedy, by the application of
Dr. Ross's Cough and Lung Syrup, after
getting warm, in a common attendant.
Bleeding and itching piles yield at once
to the application of Dr. Ross's Cough and
Lung Syrup, and the patient is cured.
Address the Rev. Joseph T. Inman, Station
D, New York. m15dec4

PERSONALS.

RETAIL MARKET.

Corrected daily by R. R. Lovett, grocer and
produce dealer, Nos. 6 and 24 Market street,
Mayville, Ky.

Wheat, No. 2, 1.50
Wheat, No. 3, 1.40
Wheat, No. 4, 1.30
Wheat, No. 5, 1.20
Wheat, No. 6, 1.10
Wheat, No. 7, 1.00
Wheat, No. 8, .90
Wheat, No. 9, .80
Wheat, No. 10, .70
Wheat, No. 11, .60
Wheat, No. 12, .50
Wheat, No. 13, .40
Wheat, No. 14, .30
Wheat, No. 15, .20
Wheat, No. 16, .10
Wheat, No. 17, .00
Wheat, No. 18, .00
Wheat, No. 19, .00
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